English B

Text Type: Feature Article

"Feature articles are not just dry facts, they provide information from unique angles."

TEXT TYPE: FEATURE ARTICLE

Subject Matter

- 1. Analysis and opinion on current issues
- 2. Profiles of, or interviews with well known-people
- 3. Humorous reflections
- 4. Personal experience or anecdotes
- 5. Background information on local, national or international events
- 6. Human interest stories

Structure

Like any form of writing, a feature article follows <u>a standard structure</u>. While it may vary depending on your topic, a feature article should always include a *headline*, *introduction*, the *main body* and a *concluding paragraph*.

Title and Heading

The headline performs two important functions. An effective headline:

- Grabs the reader's attention and persuades them to read the article
- Highlights the main idea or angle of the article.

Introduction

The first paragraph <u>outlines the subject or theme</u> of the article, it may also:

- Provoke the reader's interest by making an unusual statement.
- Provide any necessary background information.
- Invite the reader to take sides by making a controversial statement.
- Heighten the drama of an event or incident to intensify its appeal.
- Establish the writer's tone.
- Create a relationship between the writer and the reader.

Body of the Article

The middle section consists of a number of <u>paragraphs that expand the main topic</u> of the article into subtopics. The usual components are:

- · Subheadings.
- Facts and statistics which support the writer's opinion.
- · Personal viewpoints.
- Opinions from authorities and experts.
- · Quotes and interviews.
- · Anecdotes and stories.

- · Specific names, places and dates.
- · Photographs, tables, diagrams and graphs.

Conclusion

- The concluding paragraph should leave a lasting impression by:
- · Reminding the reader of the article's main idea
- Suggesting an appropriate course of action.
- · Encouraging a change of attitude or opinion.

Language of Feature Articles

- A personal tone is created through the use of semi-formal and first person narrative.
- Relevant jargon adds authenticity to the information and opinions.
- · Anecdotes help to maintain reader interest.
- Facts validate the writer's viewpoints.
- Rhetorical questions help to involve the reader.
- Emotive words are used to evoke a personal response in the reader.
- Effective use of imagery and description engage the reader's imagination.
- The use of direct quotes personalizes the topic.

EXAMPLES: Read the attached "Young, black and unemployed: the tragedy of the 44%"

First, **scan** the article for unknown words, **highlight** them, and use your dictionary to **check** meanings.

- 1. Identify and describe the angle presented in the article.
- 2. Re-read the purpose of headlines in the notes above. Critically comment on the effectiveness of the headline .
- 3. Create an alternative eye catching headlines for the article. Make sure that the headline is relevant.
- 4. Look at the list of different kinds of subject matter above. What category is this article in?
- 5. Look at the discussion of the purposes of an introduction in the notes above. What do you feel is the writer's main purpose in this article.
- 6. What kind of **components** does the writer include in the body of her article to expand on her main topic? Refer to the notes above before answering.
- 7. What technique does the writer use to conclude? Comment on the meaning of the last sentence.
- 8. Look at the list of language techniques used by feature article writers. List three language techniques used by the writer and quote brief examples.